Lab Safety and Conduct

- 1. Come prepared to spend a full lab period on the activity planned that day:
 - familiarize yourself with the lab activity ahead of time
 - be sufficiently rested & nourished
 - dress in proper attire and hair style
 - no open-toe footware
 - no shorts or short skirts cover the legs
 - tie long hair back or keep it in a bun or hair net
 - avoid interruptions/distractions: no visitors allowed; turn off cell phone
 - food & beverages are prohibited in labs at all times!
- "Lab demeanor" is a critical part of safety—focusing on doing tasks efficiently and safely, not letting your attention wander or being diverted, and being aware of what is going on around you. Be alert and focused.
- 3. Eye protection is mandatory anytime anyone is doing lab work; other personal protective equipment ("PPE") may be appropriate at times (primarily gloves).
- 4. Know the location and proper operation of:
 - safety shower
 - eye wash
 - fire extinguishers
 - fire blanket.
- 5. Know what to do in case of a spill; know the location of the spill clean-up kits, and which one to use for what kind of spill.
- 6. Know how to dispose of sharps & broken glass correctly.
- 7. Know and use good lab practice for the handling of chemicals and solutions:
 - don't use spatulas to get chemicals out of jars
 - don't use pipettes to get stock solutions out of bottles
 - don't put unused chemicals or solutions back in their containers
 - don't leave containers uncapped when they are not in use, in your hands (when you set it down, you cap it up)
 - notify everyone immediately in the event of a spill, and clean up spills promptly
 - be able to retrieve MSDS's on-line and know what information they include
- 8. Lab no-no's:
 - putting objects down the sink
 - mouth pipetting
 - waving labware/chemicals around
 - heating tubes containing any chemical while they are pointed at other people
- 9. Clean-up before leaving:
 - glassware
 - equipment (especially balances)
 - lab surfaces
 - your hands!!